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Atty. Doc. No. 2002P03595WOUS

Claims:

1. - 9. (canceled)

10. (previously presented) An apparatus for removing a corroded region from a turbine component, comprising:

a vessel sized and configured to contain an electrolyte and the component; an electrode arranged in the electrolyte and electrically connected to the component; an electrical current pulse generator electrically connected between electrode and component, the electrical current pulse generator generating current pulses; and an ultrasound probe arranged in the vessel and within the electrolyte, wherein ultrasound excitation improves the hydrodynamics of the corrosion removal

wherein a positive and a negative current/voltage pulses are used for the electrolytic corrosion removal.

process and thereby assists the electrochemical reaction, and

- 11. (previously presented) The apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the corroded region is a coated region.
- 12. (previously presented) The apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein a positive or a negative potential is applied to the component to generate a base current or base voltage.

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13. (previously presented) A process for removing a coating from a surface region of a component,

arranging the component and an electrode in an electrolyte; electrically connecting the component, the electrode, and a current generator;

generating a pulsed current or pulsed voltage by the current generator;

forming a sequence of current/voltage pulses by a plurality of different blocks with a block having a current pulse;

combining a plurality of current/voltage pulses in sequence during the electrolytic coating removal;

arranging an ultrasound probe within the electrolyte such that ultrasound excitation improves the hydrodynamics of the coating removal process and thereby assists the electrochemical reaction, and

wherein a positive and a negative current/voltage pulses are used for the electrolytic coating removal.

- 14. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein a positive or a negative potential is applied to the component to generate a base current or base voltage.
- 15. (canceled)
- 16. (canceled)
- 17. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein a block is defined by a plurality of current pulses, pulse duration, pulse interval, current level, and pulse shape.
- 18. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein a block is matched to a constituent of an alloy to be removed in order to boost the removal of the constituent of the alloy.

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19. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the coating removed is an of MCrAlY, where M is an element selected from the group consisting of iron, cobalt or nickel.

- 20. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein a base current is superimposed on the current pulses and the intervals.
- 21. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein a base current is superimposed on the current pulses or the intervals.
- 22. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the current voltage pulse is a square wave shape pulse.
- 23. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the current pulse is a square wave shape pulse.
- 24. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the pulse times range from 1 to 10 milliseconds.
- 25. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein a low base current during the pulse sequences and during the intervals is used.
- 26. (previously presented) The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the plurality of current/voltage pulses are combined repeatedly.